2³ Conference Biocontrol of Coffee Shot hole borer, *Xylosandrus compactus* Eichhoff (Coleoptera: Curculionidae) using entomopathogens

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Introduction

Materials/Methods

- Shot Hole Borer (SHB) is native to Asia and reported on a wide variety of hosts including coffee.
- The SHB incidence has gradually increased in India, especially in Robusta coffee.
- ✤ The use of biocontrol agents has always been considered as one of the potential tools in pest management.
- Hence, the current study was carried out to evaluate the efficacy of various entomopathogens for the management of SHB.

Six locally isolated bio-agents viz., Beauveria bassiana,

The In-vitro and in-vivo studies carried out by

Data was analysed using ANOVA and the means were

following the standard protocols and recorded the

Trichoderma harzianum, Bacillus subtilis and B. cereus

Metarhizium anisopliae, Lecanicillium







M. anisopliae

Fig. 1. Pathogenicity of different bioagents on X. compactus life stages under laboratory conditions

T. harzianum

Results/Discussion

- Laboratory studies revealed that B. bassiana, T. harzianum & M. anisopliae resulted in significant mortality (\geq 95%) of eggs, larvae, pupae, and adults (Fig.1).
- Field studies revealed, B. bassiana caused significant mortality on adults (82.5%) & the life stages (76.0%) inside the twigs (Fig. 2).
- The mycelial growth on life stages was observed on 3rd DAS and the full coverage was noticed by 5th DAS for *B. bassiana* and *T.* harzianum (Fig. 3).
- However, efficacy of entomopathogens depends on environmental conditions for its establishment & persistence in the field.

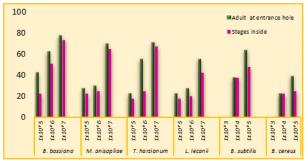


Fig. 2. Mortality percentage of SHB & stages by bio-agents in field



Fig. 3. Microscopic view of pathogenicity of B. bassiana on X. compactus under field condition

Conclusion/Perspectives

separated by DMRT.

were evaluated against SHB.

mortality (Castrillo et al., 2013).

This study proved that B. bassiana could be used as one of the components of IPM for the management of SHB in coffee.

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Further, studies on the development of a commercial formulation of B. bassiana is under progress to reduce the reliance on synthetic pesticides.

Reference: Castrillo LA, Griggs MH, Vandenberg JD (2013) Granulate ambrosia beetle, Xylosandrus crassiusculus (Coleoptera: Curculionidae), survival and brood production following exposure to entomopathogenic and mycoparasitic fungi. Biol Control 67:220-226